

Final Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan for Proposed **TAX INCREMENT REINVESTMENT ZONE NO. 1** Town Center TIRZ, City of Dripping Springs

> DECEMBER 13, 2016 UPDATED October 18, 2022

Dripping Springs TIRZ No. 1 Final Project Plan & Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan-Updated 2022

1. OVERVIEW

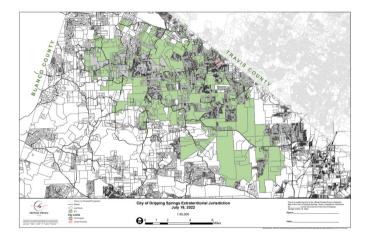
1.1 Background

The City of Dripping Springs (the "City") is a Texas general law municipality incorporated in 1981, located 25 miles west of Austin, Texas. Dripping Springs has an unusually large Extra-Territorial Jurisdiction; with nearly 75,000 square acres the area expands from the city limits of Buda to Travis County and west of Austin. The Dripping Spring ETJ encompasses a majority of the northwestern half of Hays County. The City Limits and the City's ETJ are shown below in *Map Figure 1*.

According to the latest Census numbers issued for 2020, the City has had a large increase in population in the last ten years within the city limits and an even larger increase in the ETJ and School District. This pattern is expected to continue.

As of the 2020 census, the Dripping Springs population, within its city limits, is about 4,656 although its extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ) is home to over 40,000 residents. The city offers an exceptional school system and proximity to Austin and San Antonio.

The City created two Tax Increment Reinvestment Zones in 2016, including this Town Center TIRZ No. 1. This plan is an updated version of TIRZ No. 1 where the City, in coordination with the County, has identified additional projects and properties that would benefit the City and County's residents. Map Figure 1- City Limit and ETJ



1. The Challenge

a) Within the City Limits, the City has land available for development, in addition to areas of substandard development. The City needs additional means of planning and providing infrastructure to promote overall quality development in the area;

b) The City's ETJ is comprised of numerous ownerships and as the tracts petition for annexation in a piecemeal fashion, the City has no means of planning and providing infrastructure to promote overall quality development;

c) The City's downtown has dilapidated and unoccupied buildings that inhibit the City's growth;

d) The lack of sidewalks and the inadequacy of certain streets in Dripping Springs also inhibits the growth of the City;

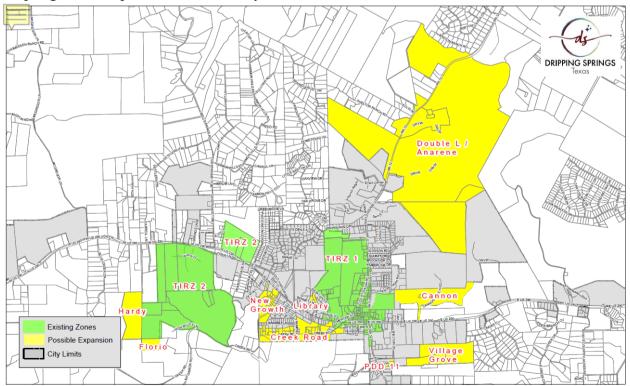
e) Low quality and/or sub-standard developments will be an ongoing obstacle to annexation and City growth if allowed to continue; and

f) If the City's ETJ is left unincorporated, the burden of providing services to the area will remain with Hays County.

2. Responding to the Challenge

In 2016, the City partnered with the County to participate in a Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone ("TIRZ" or "Zone") to be created over certain commercial and some residential areas within the City. *Map Figure 2* below depicts the TIRZ Boundary and the respective areas of in-City (approximately 981 acres) and ETJ (approximately 1657 acres) included.

Map Figure 2: Proposed TIRZ boundary



The road and drainage improvements listed, especially those related to Old Fitzhugh Road, Mercer Street, and Creek Road will benefit every resident of Dripping Springs and its ETJ. Additionally, these road improvements will also benefit development in the area north of downtown by providing access to downtown and the greater Travis County area. These improvements are feasible and practical and will benefit the area within in the TIRZ boundary.

The proposed TIRZ would afford the opportunity for the City to plan and prepare for the provision of public infrastructure to areas within its City Limits, including Old Fitzhugh Road street and drainage improvements, Town Center improvements, Triangle/US 290/RR12 area road and drainage improvements, Creek Road improvements, Stephenson Building improvements, Public Parking downtown, and other road and drainage improvements.

The TIRZ is one layer of funding to help leverage additional funding sources for city improvements. Creating a TIRZ with identified projects is an effective method to communicate the city's key areas for investment and targeted growth.

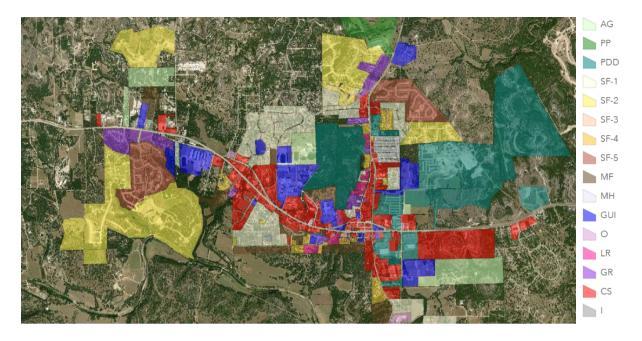
The City desires to maximize and preserve the taxable value of land and improvements in its ETJ and City Limits. Residents understand that maintaining their property values depends in no small part on high quality development within the City and the ETJ.

The need for this proposed TIRZ partnership is further compelling because neither the City nor County can address the development issues alone. The magnitude of infrastructure needed to ensure quality development is beyond the financial capability of the City to fund solely, and some of the infrastructure needed for quality The City is experiencing and will continue to experience rapid growth. The City may need to update its land development code as it relates to the Town Center area in order to foster the development types that support the City's future goals. A detailed look at natural attributes, infrastructure, development trends, targeted development areas and the comprehensive plan should be evaluated to determine the new code requirements.

development is typically outside the purview of the County to provide.

If this opportunity is missed, the City will be unable to provide the full array of city services and roads to promote development inside and outside the City Limits. If the ETJ develops with lack of planning and substandard infrastructure, the City is unlikely to annex due to the prohibitive cost of retro-fitting and upgrading substandard infrastructure. But for the creation of the TIRZ and participation by both the City and County, this area is not likely to attract or maintain private investment sufficient or timely enough to provide the proposed public improvements.

Map Figure 3: Proposed Uses



2. FINAL PROJECT PLAN

This Updated Project Plan and Reinvestment Zone Financing Plan ("The Updated Plan") has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 311.011 of the Texas Tax Code and outlines the improvements to be funded and implemented by the proposed Tax Increment Reinvestment Zone Number 1, Dripping Springs, Texas.



There are several key projects identified to help the City reach its real development potential downtown. These

projects involve the important aspects needed to create solid framework for a successful eighteen hour downtown.

Town Center:

The Town Center Concept is the foundation of the TIRZ creation. The Town Center is the catalyst project that would spur new development. The timing of the Town Center is important to the parties involved in the project. Due to rapid population growth, the city and county are looking for new facilities. The idea to co-locate the entities into a shared facility is a cost- effective way to design civic services. This project will include parking, city hall site acquisition as a portion of the Town Center project and constructing a new civic building.

When creating a new town center in an existing historic environment, it's important to understand and respect the town's existing characteristics. Most importantly, implementation of the projects must be sensitive to the area in the newly created district.

Stephenson Building Project

This project is for the preservation and renovation of the building at 101 Old Fitzhugh Road to serve as a community meeting, programs, and performance space, with some civic offices. The work includes hazardous materials abatement, cleaning the foundation, roof replacement, historic window restoration or replacement, gutter system replacement, restoration of the wood floor, ceiling restoration and installation of suspended acoustical ceiling in secondary spaces, TAS/ADA accessibility, mechanical, electrical, plumbing, thermal and moisture protection, carpentry, finishes, earthwork, grading, paving, and an addition for restrooms, storage, and a backstage area.

Downtown Bathrooms

The City has looked at downtown bathrooms to serve the downtown Mercer and Old Fitzhugh Districts. These bathrooms would be in the downtown area and may be attached or near the Stephenson Building. The bathrooms would include an accessible bathroom.

Transportation Improvements:

Mercer Street and Old Fitzhugh Road:

The newly constructed benches and sidewalks on Mercer Street are a great start to creating a downtown sense of place. The next series of downtown investments identified in the TIRZ Project Plan are the redesign and construction of Mercer Street and Old Fitzhugh Road to create a Town Center. These two streets are the most important streets within the historic downtown. The street designs are critical to the success of the downtown. They must be designed in partnership with the targeted development patterns along these streets. In order to achieve the ideal street and development type, the City must update its development regulations within this Zone.

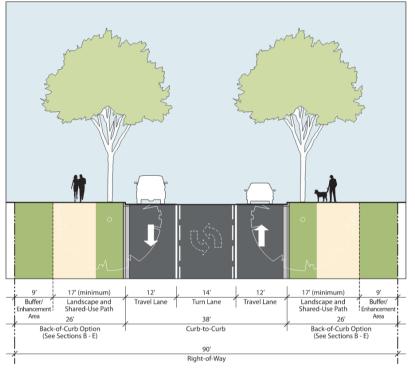


Based on the existing street lay out and the disconnected street pattern in new developments, connectivity is a serious challenge for the city. Providing new and alternative connections are addressed in the TIRZ Project Plan. The following projects will help connect Mercer Street to the Heritage Subdivision and provide the much-needed transportation infrastructure:

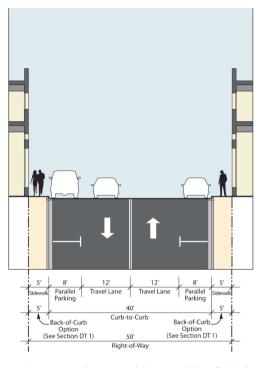
- (1) Roger Hanks Parkway; and
- (2) Garza Road ROW (North Street);
- (3) Wallace Street; and
- (4) Creek Road.

Wallace Street Improvements:

Dripping Springs TIRZ No. 1 Updated Final Project Plan - 2022 The City's approved Transportation Master Plan (TMP) shows Wallace Street as a two-Lane Commercial Local Street (CLS2). This project proposes to improve Wallace Street to match the TMP for its entire length from Bluff Street to RR12, approximately 1,000 linear feet. It will remain a two-lane road but will establish much needed parallel parking, curb and gutter stormwater conveyance and pedestrian sidewalks on both sides of the street all within the existing 50-foot Right of Way.



2 Lane Minor Arterial Divided with Center Turn Lane City of Dripping Springs - Transportation Master Plan



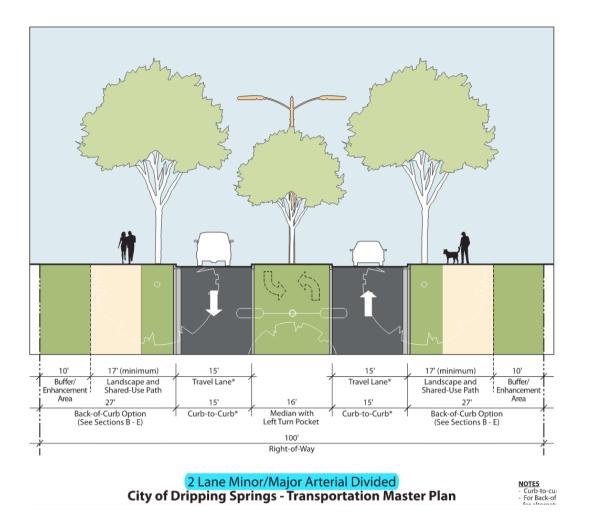
2 Lane Downtown Commercial Street with Parallel Parking City of Dripping Springs - Transportation Master Plan

Creek Road Improvements:

The City's approved Transportation Master Plan shows Creek Road as a two-Lane Major Divided Arterial (MAD2). This street section improves traffic flow and safety while establishing pedestrian access facilities and improving drainage for this approximately 1-mile corridor. It will remain a two-lane road but will be divided either by a median or center turn lane. This section also includes shared use paths and curb and guttered stormwater conveyance. Right of Way (ROW) of 90 to 100 feet will be required to provide these improvements. Much of the existing ROW is as narrow as 50 feet. The project will provide much needed improvements to a heavily utilized east/west connector that is forecasted to see increased development. Prior to finalization of the street section additional study will be done.

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Downtown Road, Sidewalk & Drainage Master Plan

This Downtown Road, Sidewalk and Drainage Master Plan will seek to develop a phased approach to source funding for the design and construction of improvements consistent with the City's approved Transportation Master Plan. The plan will include core downtown streets Mercer, Wallace, Hays, Bluff, College, San Marcos and Old Fitzhugh. The plan will focus on improving downtown parking, pedestrian access and safety at the same time as improving the City's downtown drainage conveyance facilities. Parking improvements will include options for angled parking or parallel parking along improved street sections. Pedestrian facilities will include combinations of 5-foot sidewalks and shared use paths as well as extension of the network of street lighting, benches and bike racks already implemented in Mercer Street and currently being planned for Old Fitzhugh Road. Storm conveyance will be improved to curb and gutter with underground pipes systems.

<form>

Dripping Springs TIRZ No. 1 Updated Final Project Plan - 2022

Benefits to Taxing Units

The TIRZ as proposed will allow the City, County, and Library to partner with each other for public improvements each may have planned for the area. The City believes that a TIRZ is the best mechanism by which to partner with the County and also with private sector developers to plan, fund, and construct the needed improvements over the long-range time horizon such an ambitious undertaking might require. The City and County will be able to fund a large building site for a building complex with city and county services.

Through the TIRZ, the City and County can both maximize the value of the ETJ to the benefit of their respective voters and citizens, as well as contribute to the community cohesion that comes with planned development. Developers seeking to partner with the TIRZ will be required to petition for annexation into the City. This performance driven structure will shift the cost and risk of construction to the private sector, with repayment coming out of new growth resulting from the infrastructure provided.

1. Changes to Municipal Ordinances Required 311.011(b)(2))

Some changes to the development code for the Town Center area could be needed to fully complete the projects. Other than these changes and the ordinance changes that will be required by the annexation and zoning of properties currently in the ETJ, there are no other contemplated changes to the City's Code of Ordinances or the Comp Plan.

2. Non-Project Costs (311.011(b)(3))

Non-Project Costs will consist of unreimbursed costs of public rights-of way, utility upgrades, street relocation cost, technology investment, public open space improvements, and other private investment. The projects, which are expected to result from the TIRZ major infrastructure improvements, consist of private investment in various development projects which will include internal infrastructure such as internal roads, water, sewer, and drainage facilities, along with the private development. The total value of such projects can reasonably be projected to total more than forty-six million dollars (\$46,000,000) at TIRZ end.

3. REINVESTMENT ZONE FINANCING PLAN

The TIRZ is intended to provide a funding and/or reimbursement mechanism for major public infrastructure to provide roadways and public utilities to un-served properties within the Zone, along with various landscape, beautification and urban design components. The comprehensive and long-term nature of the project will promote stability, and sustainable commercial, residential, retail and light industrial opportunities in an area that is currently underutilized and undervalued. The TIRZ may fund all or a portion of the eligible projects.



3.1 Estimated Project Cost Description (311.011(c)(1))

The project costs below comply with the categories established in Section 311.002 of the Texas Tax Code. The dollar amounts are approximate estimates based on assumptions of how the land may develop and are expressed in year 2016 dollars. Project Costs may be adjusted to actual development plans, bid costs and/or for inflation. Projects will be undertaken and paid for as funds are available from increment or other sources. The intent is to complete as many of the projects as can be funded from tax increment revenues notwithstanding whether the costs or tax increments exceed the estimates herein, and costs may be moved among line items.

Project Description	Project Cost Estimate ¹	Proportionate Cost
Capital Projects Roads and Drainage	\$ 25,150,000	\$ 16,387,500
Civic Facilities City Hall as portion of Town Center Public Parking Downtown Stephenson Building	\$ 3,000,000 \$ 200,000 \$ 2,200,000	\$ 2,250,000 \$ 150,000 \$ 1,100,000

¹ Projects that also benefit the area in TIRZ # 2 may also be funded by that TIRZ.

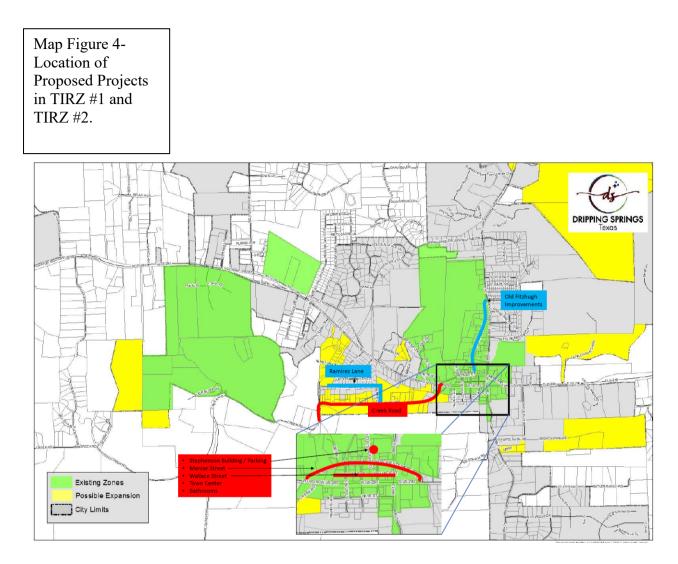
Downtown Bathrooms	\$ 300,000	\$ 150,000
Total Estimated Project Costs	\$ 30,850,000	\$ 20,037,500

In addition to the projects described above, the following categories established in Section 311.002(1) of the Texas Tax Code as eligible project costs will be considered eligible project costs. The TIRZ will fund project costs at the discretion and approval of the Board of Directors of the TIRZ. And, when appropriate and practicable, the TIRZ will consider categories that are eligible for financing projects, such as:

- *Capital Projects* related to demolition, environmental abatement, and remediation including site work and fill, necessary to prepare sites and existing structures for new use.
- *Land Costs* associated with property formally conveyed to the public in conjunction with the implementation of projects otherwise eligible for reimbursement may also be eligible for reimbursement.
- *Matching Funds* may be contributed in support of local, state, federal or other capital improvements programs that benefit the project and the region.
- Streetscape, Gateways, Parks, and Community Facilities that enhance or serve the existing and future development. These may include, but are not limited to, lighting, walks, landscaping and related street furniture, greenbelts and paths, trails, parks, outdoor pavilions, non-profit community and arts space, and recreational/sports facilities.
- *Professional Services* incurred for architectural, planning, engineering, legal, landscape architecture, financial, marketing, public relations, management, leasing, bookkeeping, tax role verification, environmental, archaeological, and other services and advice necessary to a project.
- *Financing Costs* related to developer's interest, city interest, and financing interest, legal fees, underwriter's fees, brokerage charges, transfer or placement charges, premium and fees paid for loans, credit enhancement fees, notes, bonds or other instruments of credit issued to pay for project costs.
- *Operational Expenses* as may be necessary to provide for the proper administration of the Zone, operation of Zone facilities and services provided therein, over the life of the TIRZ.
- 3.2 Kind, Number and Location of Proposed Public Improvements (311.011(c)(2))

Proposed public improvements include drainage, roadways (including Old Fitzhugh Road and Creek Road), and various facilities. The majority of these improvements, including roadways, city hall as portion of Town Center, and parking, will be located in the City. Urban design components may also be within the City Limits. The map below indicates the probable location of the listed improvements; however, final alignments will be determined at the time of design. Public infrastructure improvements and civic

facilities will be considered eligible projects anywhere within the Zone.



3.3 Economic Feasibility (311.011(c)(3))

Currently, the projected cost estimates for the projects benefitting the Town Center TIRZ No. 1 are \$20,037,500. This estimate does not include the administrative expenses of running the TIRZ. Using 50% of the incremental increase of the Tax Rate of \$.1778, \$.089, after thirty (30) years, the expected amount in the Tax Increment Fund will be conservatively estimated at \$22,589,684. Thus, the TIRZ with a 50% of the increment, currently at \$.089, the TIRZ will be able to fund all of the projected estimated costs. See Attachment "A". (With the County participating at 50% on some properties and 25% at some properties the total projected revenue is \$81,000,000).

3.4 Estimate of Bonded Indebtedness To Be Incurred (311.011(c)(4))

Bonds, notes or other obligations may be issued to yield net proceeds sufficient to pay all or a portion of the eligible project costs and related professional fees that are currently estimated at, but are not limited to, \$20,037,500. The City, at its sole discretion, may issue or cause to be issued bonds, notes, or other obligations secured by tax increment revenues, the proceeds of which could be used to pay for or reimburse Project Costs, including public improvements, capitalized interest, professional fees, developer interest and costs of issuance of the bonds.

3.5 Estimated Time When Monetary Obligations Are To Be Incurred (311.011(c)(S))

Since the buildout horizon for TIRZ improvements will be market driven, it is anticipated that the completion of the infrastructure will take a minimum of five years from the date of this Updated Plan, although some projects may be started within the first two years in anticipation of the increase in TIRZ Funds. Bond issuance will occur at appropriate times as determined by the City and the City's Financial Advisor. Project Costs, administrative costs, and costs related to the creation and organization of the TIRZ may be paid from the issuance of bonds or directly from tax increment revenue.

3.6 Methods and Sources of Financing (311.011(c)(6))

The primary sources of revenue will be the ad valorem property taxes generated on the annual increment value above the base year value. The City has adopted an increment of 50% or \$.089 for a period of 30 years. This participation will create an estimated fund of \$60,000,000 in 30 years.

To ensure timely construction of public improvements, pay-as-you-go and other various methods of financing may be utilized. These include:

- *Tax Increment Bonds or Notes.* As allowed by annual incremental increases in Zone assessed value, tax-exempt tax increment bonds or notes may be issued to fund improvements.
- *Direct Reimbursements*. Projects that are closely related to particular private development projects or public infrastructure programs of public agencies, municipalities, and authorities may be financed through reimbursement agreements with a developer, public agency, municipality, or authority using a direct payment annually from the TIRZ increment fund.
- *Other private financing.* Some projects may be financed on a short-term basis through private financial institutions.
- *Grants/Other Public Funds*. To the extent permitted by law, efforts will be made to leverage TIRZ funds with other public funds and economic development tools.
- 3.7 Current Appraised Value of Taxable Real Property (311.011(c)(7)) Based upon the 2022 Hays County Appraisal District certified tax roll, the base year value of the proposed TIRZ will be \$71,961,330.
- 3.8 Estimated Captured Appraised Value By Year (311.011(c)(8))

The table on the following page shows the Captured Appraised Value and the resulting revenue from the City and County for the duration of the Zone.

3.9 Duration of Zone (311.011(c)(9))

The Zone is being proposed for a thirty (30) year period, with the final payment of increment being made on values and at rates for 2045, which revenue may be paid in 2046. Therefore, the

Zone will terminate for purposes of collection on December 31, 2046.

4. CAPTURED APPRAISED VALUE-CITY

TIRZ #1				Projected ncremental Tax						
Increment				Base Subject to	Total Projected					
Year	Tax Year	TIRZ #1 Base		Capture		Assessed Valuation				
Base [a]	2022	\$ 70,382,980	\$	99,250,614	\$	169,633,594				
1	2022	\$ 70,382,980	\$	102,643,286	\$	173,026,266				
2	2024	\$ 70,382,980	\$	310,103,811	\$	380,486,791				
3	2025	\$ 70,382,980	\$	525,203,832	\$	595,586,812				
4	2026	\$ 70,382,980	\$	697,493,946	\$	767,876,926				
5	2027	\$ 70,382,980	\$	848,375,324	\$	918,758,304				
6	2028	\$ 70,382,980	\$	941,802,976	\$	1,012,185,956				
7	2029	\$ 70,382,980	, \$	1,012,430,668	\$	1,082,813,648				
8	2030	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,085,816,822	\$	1,156,199,802				
9	2031	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,133,879,093	\$	1,204,262,073				
10	2032	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,157,964,335	\$	1,228,347,315				
11	2033	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,182,531,281	\$	1,252,914,261				
12	2034	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,207,589,566	\$	1,277,972,546				
13	2035	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,233,149,017	\$	1,303,531,997				
14	2036	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,259,219,657	\$	1,329,602,637				
15	2037	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,285,811,710	\$	1,356,194,690				
16	2038	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,312,935,604	\$	1,383,318,584				
17	2039	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,340,601,975	\$	1,410,984,955				
18	2040	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,368,821,674	\$	1,439,204,654				
19	2041	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,397,605,767	\$	1,467,988,747				
20	2042	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,426,965,542	\$	1,497,348,522				
21	2043	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,456,912,513	\$	1,527,295,493				
22	2044	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,487,458,423	\$	1,557,841,403				
23	2045	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,518,615,251	\$	1,588,998,231				
24	2046	\$ 70,382,980	\$	1,550,395,215	\$	1,620,778,195				

TIRZ 1 Captured Appraised Value - City

[a] The Base Year for the original properties in TIRZ 1 is Tax Year 2016. The Base Year for the new properties being added to TIRZ 1 is Tax Year 2022. The base value shown above is the sum of these figures.

5. COST ESTIMATES FOR POTENTIAL TIRZ PROJECTS IN TOWN CENTER TIRZ (TIRZ # 1)

(Note: These estimates are not based on plans and specifications nor a detailed scope of work; they represent rough orders of magnitude; Projects that also benefit the area in TIRZ # 2 may also be funded by that TIRZ)

- Old Fitzhugh Road Street and Drainage Improvements with improved streetscape including sidewalks and lighting Estimated Cost = \$6,250,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$1,562,500 TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$4,687,500
- 2. Town Center Improvements Street, drainage, street trees, way finding signage, street lighting and sidewalk improvements in downtown.

Estimated Cost = \$5,400,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$1,350,000 TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$4,050,000

3. Triangle/US 290/RR12 area road and drainage improvements to enhance development

Estimated Cost = \$500,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$125,000 TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$375,000

4. City Hall site acquisition and building as portion of Town Center

Estimated Cost = \$3,000,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$750,000 TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$2,250,000

5. Garza Road ROW (North Street) acquisition and improvements to connect Mercer to Heritage Subdivision

Estimated Cost = \$300,000 (does not include utilities nor ROW acquisition)

6. Public Parking in downtown area to enhance economic development

Estimated Cost = \$200,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$50,000

TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$150,000

7. Creek Road Project

Estimated Cost = \$10,000,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$5,000,000 TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$5,000,000

8. Wallace Street Project Estimated Cost: \$2,500,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$625,000

TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$1,875,000

9. Stephenson Building Project Estimated Cost: \$2,200,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$1,100,000

TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$1,100,000

 Downtown Road, Sidewalk & Drainage Master Plan Estimated Cost: \$200,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$100,000

TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$100,000

11. Downtown Bathrooms Estimated Cost: \$300,000 TIRZ No. 2 Proportionate Share=\$150,000

TIRZ No. 1 Estimated Share: \$150,000

Total Estimated: \$30,850,000 Total Estimated Proportionate Share \$20,037,500

ATTACHMENT "A"-ECONOMIC FEASIBILITY

	TIRZ 1 Economic Feasibility - City																						
						Projected																	
Т	RZ #1					ncremental Tax										City TIRZ #1							ty Retained
Inc	rement				1	Base Subject to	Total Projected Tax Collection			Total Net Tax Tax Collections or				Participation at	Projected Net TIRZ #1					Тах	xes (General		
		Tax Year	T	IRZ #1 Base		Capture		sessed Valuation				Collections		cremental Value			TIRZ Admin Expense		Revenue		unted at 5%		Fund)
B	ase [a]	2022	\$	70,382,980		99,250,614		169,633,594		6,032		295,576		172,938		86,469	\$ 27,602		58,867		58,867		86,469
	1	2023	ş	70,382,980		102,643,286		173,026,266		6,153		301,488		178,850		89,425		\$	61,271		58,353		89,425
	2	2024	Ş	70,382,980		310,103,811		380,486,791		13,530		662,975		540,337		270,169	\$ 28,717	\$	241,452		219,004		270,169
	3	2025	Ş	70,382,980		525,203,832		595,586,812		21,179		1,037,774		915,136		457,568	\$ 29,291		428,277		369,961		457,568
	4	2026	Ş	70,382,980		697,493,946		767,876,926		27,306		1,337,979		1,215,341		607,671		\$	577,793		475,352		607,671
	5 6	2027 2028	Ş	70,382,980		848,375,324		918,758,304		32,671				1,478,243		739,122		\$	708,647		555,243		739,122
	7	2028	Ş	70,382,980 70,382,980		941,802,976 1,012,430,668	Ş	1,012,185,956 1,082,813,648		35,993 38,505		1,763,673 1,886,738		1,641,035 1,764,100		820,518 882,050		\$ \$	789,433 850,344		589,087 604,323		820,518 882,050
	8	2029	ç ç	70,382,980		1,085,816,822	ې د	1,156,199,802		41,114				1,891,971		945,985		ې Ś	913,645		618,391		945,985
	9	2030	ç	70,382,980		1,133,879,093	ç	1,204,262,073		42,824				1,975,716		987,858		Ś	954,871		615,518		987,858
	10	2031	ŝ	70,382,980	ŝ	1,157,964,335	Ś	1,228,347,315			\$	2,038,334		2,017,683		1,008,842		Ś	975,195		598,685	ŝ	1,008,842
	11	2032	ŝ	70,382,980	ś	1,182,531,281	ś	1,252,914,261			Ś	2,183,128		2,060,490		1,030,245	\$ 34,320	ś	995,925		582,297	ŝ	1,030,245
	12	2034	ŝ	70,382,980	Ś	1,207,589,566	Ś	1,277,972,546		45,445		2,226,790		2,104,152		1,052,076		Ś	1,017,070		566,343	ŝ	1,052,076
	13	2035	ŝ	70,382,980	ŝ	1,233,149,017	\$	1,303,531,997		46,354				2,148,688		1,074,344		ŝ	1,038,638		550,812		1,074,344
	14	2036	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,259,219,657	\$	1,329,602,637	Ś	47,281			\$	2,194,115	\$	1,097,057	\$ 36,420	\$	1,060,637	\$	535,694	\$	1,097,057
	15	2037	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,285,811,710		1,356,194,690	\$	48,226	\$	2,363,088	\$	2,240,450	\$	1,120,225	\$ 37,149	\$	1,083,076	\$	520,978	\$	1,120,225
	16	2038	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,312,935,604	\$	1,383,318,584	\$	49,191	\$	2,410,350	\$	2,287,712	\$	1,143,856	\$ 37,892	\$	1,105,964	\$	506,655	\$	1,143,856
	17	2039	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,340,601,975	\$	1,410,984,955	\$	50,175	\$	2,458,557	\$	2,335,919	\$	1,167,959	\$ 38,649	\$	1,129,310	\$	492,714	\$	1,167,959
	18	2040	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,368,821,674	\$	1,439,204,654	\$	51,178	\$	2,507,728	\$	2,385,090	\$	1,192,545	\$ 39,422	\$	1,153,122	\$	479,146	\$	1,192,545
	19	2041	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,397,605,767	\$	1,467,988,747	\$	52,202	\$	2,557,882	\$	2,435,244	\$	1,217,622	\$ 40,211	\$	1,177,411	\$	465,942	\$	1,217,622
	20	2042	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,426,965,542	\$	1,497,348,522	\$	53,246	\$	2,609,040	\$	2,486,402	\$	1,243,201	\$ 41,015	\$	1,202,186	\$	453,091	\$	1,243,201
	21	2043	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,456,912,513	\$	1,527,295,493	\$	54,311	\$	2,661,221	\$	2,538,583	\$	1,269,291	\$ 41,835	\$	1,227,456	\$	440,586	\$	1,269,291
	22	2044	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,487,458,423	\$	1,557,841,403		55,397		2,714,445		2,591,807		1,295,904		\$	1,253,231		428,417	\$	1,295,904
	23	2045	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,518,615,251	\$	1,588,998,231		56,505				2,646,096		1,323,048	\$ 43,526	\$	1,279,522		416,576	\$	1,323,048
	24	2046	\$	70,382,980	\$	1,550,395,215	\$	1,620,778,195		57,635				2,701,471	- ·	1,350,735		· ·	1,306,339		405,054	\$	1,350,735
									\$	1,020,684	\$	50,013,521	\$	46,947,568	\$	23,473,784	\$ 884,100	\$	22,589,684	\$	11,607,090	\$	23,473,784

[a] The Base Year for the original properties in TIRZ 1 is Tax Year 2016. The Base Year for the new properties being added to TIRZ 1 is Tax Year 2022. The base value shown above is the sum of these figures.